ቀይ ሽብር በመለው የኢትዮጵያ ሕዝብ ላይ የተፊጸመ ወንጀል ነው!

በሚቀዋለው ሳምንት ቅዳሜ በአሲምባ ውይይት መደረክ የአምስተኛ ዓመት የቀይ ሸብር ሰጣዕታታ ቀን ተከብሮ ይውላል። ያንን ትውልድ ያስመተሩ በርካታ ቀልቤሳ ነገዎች በብዛት በሰሜን አሜሪካና በሌሎችም ክፍለ ዓለማት እንዳሉ ያደባባይ ሚስጥር ነው። ዛሬ ዛሬጣ በየፖለቲካው ስብስብ ቤተ-ክርስቲያናትም ሳይቀር እንደ እርጎ ዝምብ ዋልቅ እያሉ ሲያናክሱን ዝም ብለን ከመመልከት ስለፍትህ የምንቆጭ ሁሉ መስረጃዎችን የምናሰባስብበት ማዕከል መሥርተን ከመንግሥቱ ሀ/ጣርያም አንስቶ እስከ ትናንሹ ተራ ነፍስ ገዳይ ድረስ በያለንበት ለፍርድ ጣቅረብ የምንጀምረው መቼ ይሆን? ከዚህ በታች ያለው መጣጥፍ እንደምሳሌ አዲወሰድ በጣሰብ አነሆ አቅርበነዋል።

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U.S. Immigrant Faces Genocide Allegation

Concord, N.H.

Beatrice Munyenyezi brought her three daughters to the United States from war-ravaged Rwanda in 1998 and focused on the American Dream: private schooling for her girls, a home with a swimming pool, a sport utility vehicle.

Before long, she had a \$13-anhour job at Manchester's Housing Authority in New Hampshire, her children were enrolled in Catholic school, and she was on her way to financing a comfortable American lifestyle through mortgages, loans and credit cards.

Now the 40-year-old mother sits behind bars, held without bond while she awaits trial on federal citizenship fraud charges for allegedly lying about involvement in the 1994 Rwandan genocide, when at least 500,000 ethnic Tutsis and moderate Hutus were killed.

Authorities say she was an



The home of immigrant Beatrice Munyenyezi, 40, is seen in Manchester, N.H.

extremist Hutu who killed and enabled the rapes of untold Tutsi victims — not the innocent refugee she claimed to be in 1995 to gain U.S. entry, when she applied for a visa and for citizenship.

Munyenyezi has pleaded not guilty to two counts of lying to obtain U.S. citizenship on her refugee and naturalization applications by denying any role in the Rwanda genocide. She is scheduled for trial in May 2011.

In early 2003, she was sworn in as a U.S. citizen and bought a threebedroom home on Howe Street for \$190,000 in November, according to city records. She worked full time from 2001 to 2005 as a family services coordinator for the Manchester Housing and Redevelopment Authority.

In a 2005 interview with New Hampshire Public Radio, Munyenyezi perhaps gave a glimpse of her past. "I am a fighter," she said. "I like to be independent. I worked so hard to be here. I do what I have to do to survive."

Federal prosecutors decline to say how Munyenyezi came to their attention. But in court documents, immigration agents describe interviews with alleged witnesses to the atrocities. A federal affidavit says Munyenyezi and her husband, Arsene Shalom Ntahobali, were extremist Hutus who participated in roadblocks and ID checks that resulted in numerous Tutsi rapes and killings.

Court papers give a graphic account of Munyeynezi allegedly striking a young Tutsi boy so hard in the head with a wooden club that he died instantly. LYNNE TUOHY (AP)